

119th Congress

1st Session

HR ____

To prohibit States from carrying out more than one Congressional
redistricting after a decennial census and apportionment.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MR. VEASEY introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the
Judiciary

A BILL

To prohibit States from carrying out more than one Congressional redistricting after a
decennial census and apportionment.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America
in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; FINDING OF CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the “Anti-Rigging Act of 2025”.

(b) FINDING.—Congress finds that it has the authority to establish the terms and
conditions States must follow in carrying out Congressional redistricting after an
apportionment of Members of the House of Representatives because—

(1) the authority granted to Congress under article I, section 4 of the Constitution of the
United States gives Congress the power to enact laws governing the time, place, and
manner of elections for Members of the House of Representatives; and

(2) the authority granted to Congress under section 5 of the fourteenth amendment to the
Constitution gives Congress the power to enact laws to enforce section 2 of such
amendment, which requires Representatives to be apportioned among the several States
according to their number.

SEC. 2. LIMIT ON CONGRESSIONAL REDISTRICTING AFTER AN APPORTIONMENT.

The Act entitled “An Act for the relief of Doctor Ricardo Vallejo Samala and to provide for
congressional redistricting”, approved December 14, 1967 (2 U.S.C. 2c), is amended by
adding at the end the following: “A State which has been redistricted in the manner

provided by law after an apportionment under section 22(a) of the Act entitled ‘An Act to provide for the fifteenth and subsequent decennial censuses and to provide for an apportionment of Representatives in Congress’, approved June 18, 1929 (2 U.S.C. 2a), may not be redistricted again until after the next apportionment of Representatives under such section, unless a court requires the State to conduct such subsequent redistricting to comply with the Constitution or to enforce the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 5 1973 et seq.).”.

SEC. 3. NO EFFECT ON ELECTIONS FOR STATE AND LOCAL OFFICE.

Nothing in this Act or in any amendment made by this Act may be construed to affect the manner in which a State carries out elections for State or local office, including the process by which a State establishes the districts used in such elections.

SEC. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This Act and the amendment made by this Act shall apply with respect to any Congressional redistricting which occurs after the regular decennial census conducted during 2020.